

We are continuing to follow our planned Religious and Moral Education Programme. We are now learning about the Christian Festival of Easter.

Lesson 2: Dyeing Easter eggs, Egg hunts, Easter bonnets, Easter parade

The dyeing of eggs for religious purposes is a practice which happens in many parts of the world.

Exchanging and eating Easter eggs is a popular custom in many countries. The eggs are hard-boiled and dyed in colours and patterns. The most famous Easter eggs are made in Ukraine and Poland, where eggs are decorated with fancy red, black, and white patterns.

Easter bonnets- Wearing new hats and clothes for Easter is a common custom.

Easter parades- Parades are a tradition in many European countries. A person holding a cross or an Easter candle leads some of these parades. In New York City, thousands of people stroll in the Easter Parade down Fifth Avenue following Easter services.

Egg Hunts- In many countries, children hunt for Easter eggs hidden in the home or garden. Children in the United Kingdom, Germany, and other countries play a game in which eggs are rolled against one another or down a hill. The egg that stays un-cracked the longest wins. Since 1878, children in Washington, D.C. have rolled eggs on the White House lawn.



Marbling Eggs

This is the one of the easiest ways to dye Easter Eggs.

All you need are eggs, olive oil, vinegar and food colouring.

The process is really easy; you just dip your eggs in food colouring and water to dye them, and then dip them again in an oil and coloured water solution to marble them!

It's so simple, and the effect is lovely!

