

P4's Home Learning

Monday 8th March 2021

All activities have been uploaded to Seesaw.

Literacy:

Spelling

Look at the active spelling grid underneath your words. Pick one (or more if you would like) active spelling activities to practise spelling your words.

Then, write a sentence for each word.

Word list (Select your group):

APOSTROPHES	BRACKETS	SEMI COLONS DASHES
reason	class	end
kept	note	does
interest	rest	another
brother	carefully	well
race	scientists	large
present	inside	must
beautiful	wheels	big
store	stay	even
edge	island	such
past	known	because
sign	weak	turn
record	week	here



SANDWOOD PRIMARY SCHOOL

Active spelling



Telephone Words Look at a telephone keypad. Translate each letter of each word into a number. Now write your spelling words using this code.	Wiggly Squiggly Write out each of your spelling words using colourful wiggly lines for each letter.	Scramble Jumble up the spelling of each of your spelling words and try to get someone to guess the words.	Bubble Letters Using bubble writing spell each of your spelling words. After you have written them in bubbles colour them in different colours.	Word Search Make a word search with your spelling words inside it. See if you can challenge someone to find them all!
All the colours Copy each of your spelling words and use a different colour for each letter or each word.	Missing Letters Ask someone to write out each of your words lots of times and each time they miss out some letters. Then you have to fill them in.	Consonant Vowel Circle Write out each of your spelling words and them go back and circle all the consonants in each. Then write them out again, this time circling the vowels.	Spelling Flowers Draw a picture of flowers. Write each of your spelling words on a petal of the flowers. Challenge someone to find all the words.	Silly, Silly See if you can write a silly story using all of your spelling words. Remember punctuation!
Acrostic Use some or all of your words and write an acrostic poem for each one. Use the words that start with each letter of your spelling word.	Rhyming Words Write each of your spelling words and next to each word write a word that rhymes with it. If necessary your rhyming word can be nonsense as long as it	Other Hand First write your words the way you usually do. The write the list with your other hand.	Pyramid Spelling Starting with the first letter, add one on each time you move down the pyramid eg b bo boo book	Story, Story Write a story using ALL of your spelling words. Be sure to underline your spelling words in the story.
Label your words Draw and label a picture of each of your spelling words. Remember it must be colourful.	Food Words Arrange pasta, beans, cereal, sweets or any other food to form the letters of each word on your list. See if you can take a picture.	ABC Write your words in alphabetical order.	Hidden Picture Draw a picture and hide your spelling words in the picture. See if someone can find all the words.	Magazine Words Use old magazines, comics or newspapers to find the letters of each of your words. Cut out the letters and stick them in your jotter to spell the word.

Reading: Note Taking

Video explaining Note Taking on Seesaw.



TASK ONE: Read the following pieces of information. Then, make some short notes with the most important information. Remember these don't need to be in complete sentences.

The first one has been done as an example.

FULL TEXT

NOTES

It's Jerry's birthday on Friday. He's having a party and you have organised the present, the card, the runners and the party snacks.

Party – Friday 30th June at 4 p.m. at Jerry's house.

Remember:

Present, Card, Runners, Snacks

There is a sponsored walk on Monday at school. It is a mile long. You will need to wear the right clothes.

You are going to bake a cake and you will need to buy enough eggs.

A delivery man will bring your heating oil at 4 p.m. on Friday. You will need to be at home.

You have to remember to pay your mobile phone bill before next week. It will cost you £12.75.

You have a doctor's appointment on Thursday at half past 2.

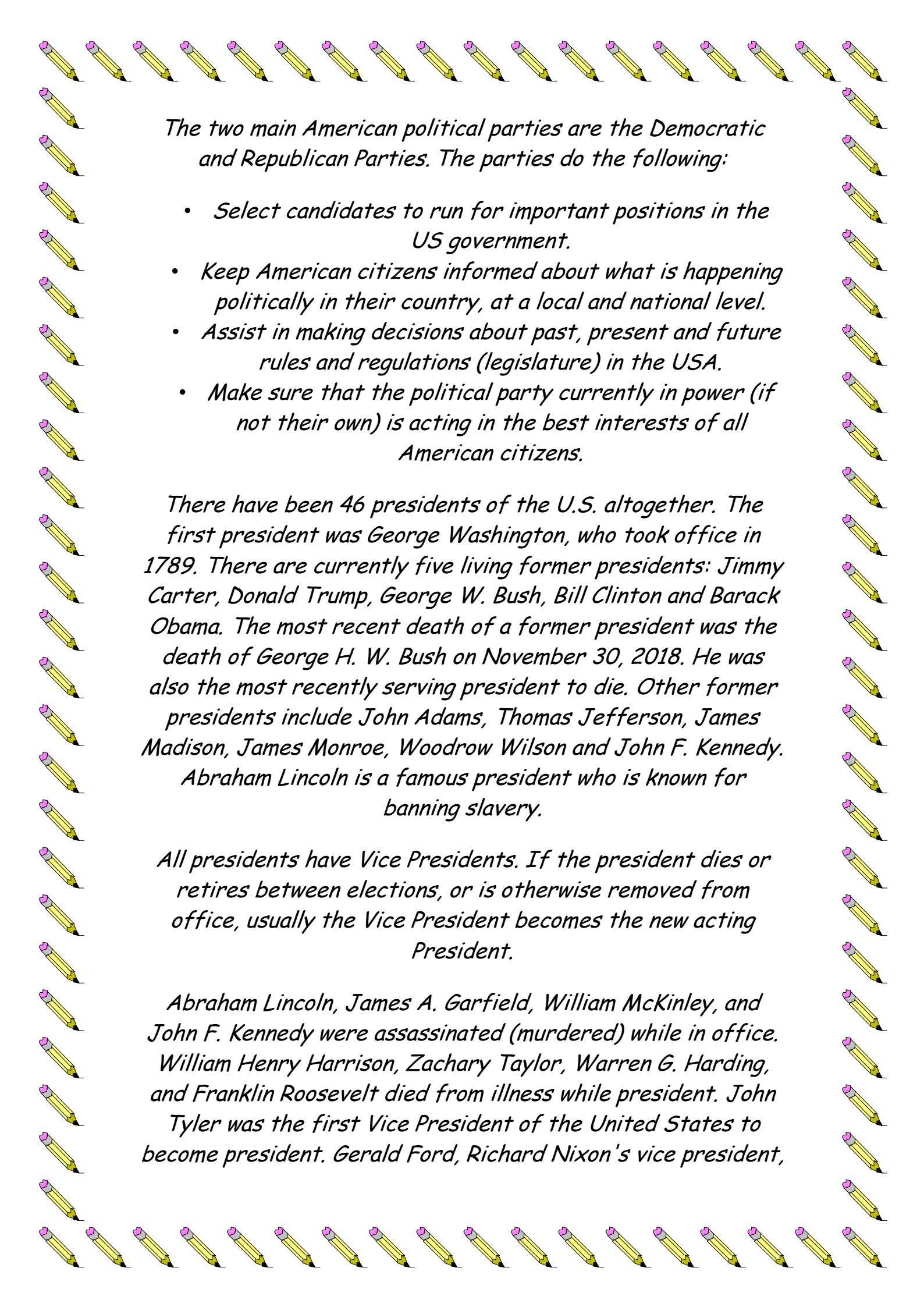
TASK TWO: Read the following text about American Presidents (some of you have told me you want to learn about this). Then, using the concept map, write some notes detailing the main ideas of the text.

Presidents of the USA

The president of the United States of America (often shortened to P.O.T.U.S.) is the chief executive of the United States. This means the person who is in charge of the country and Government and can do things like enforce laws, make treaties, appoint judges to courts and make decisions about war. The American president is considered to be one of the most powerful political figures in the world.

Anybody who's a natural-born citizen, over 35 years old, and a U.S. resident for at least 14 years can become president. You could be president if you were born in another country but both your parents were American citizens. Most importantly, you have to be chosen by the people of America. Every four years there is an election. People vote for one of the candidates running for the presidency.





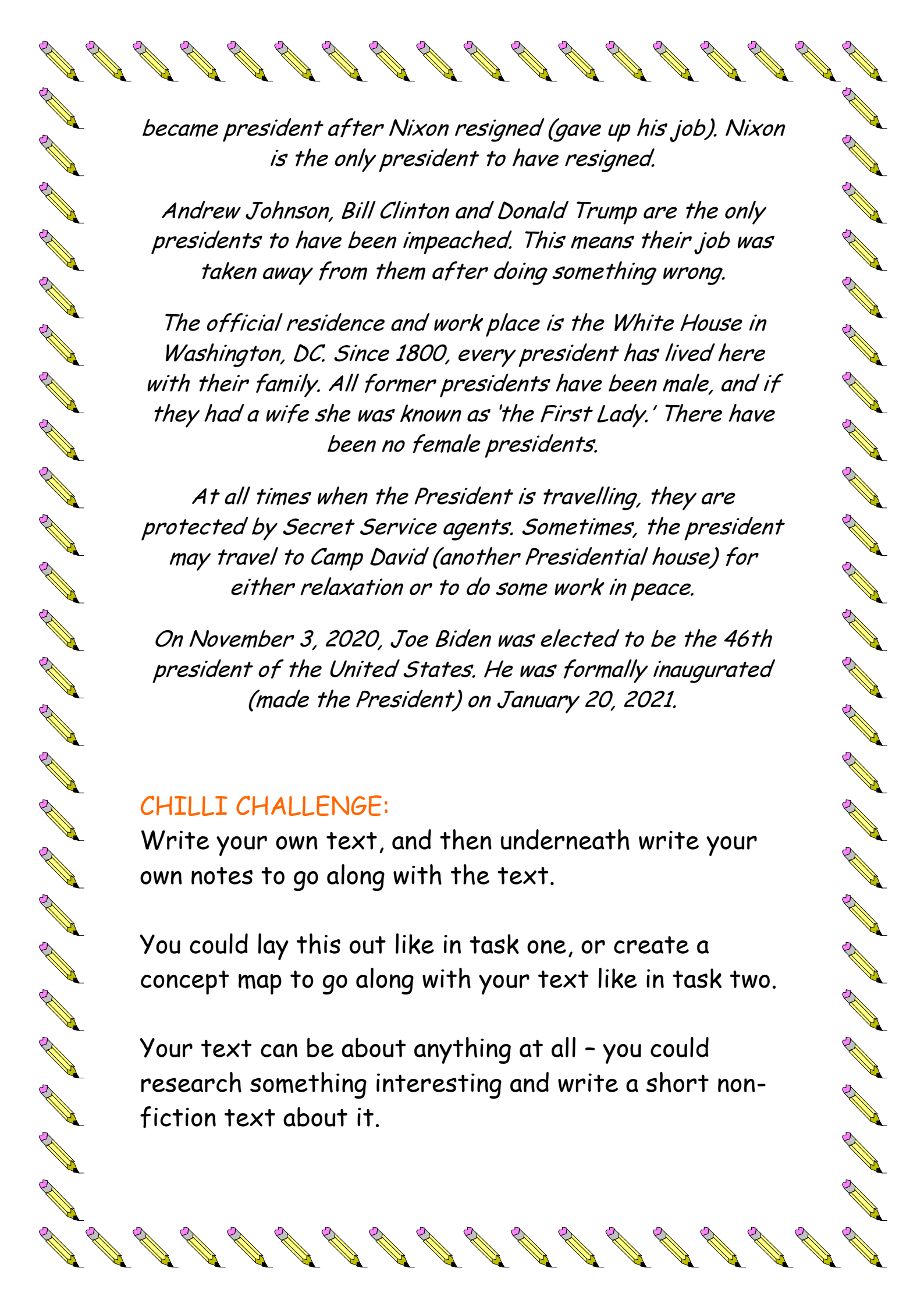
The two main American political parties are the Democratic and Republican Parties. The parties do the following:

- Select candidates to run for important positions in the US government.*
- Keep American citizens informed about what is happening politically in their country, at a local and national level.*
- Assist in making decisions about past, present and future rules and regulations (legislature) in the USA.*
- Make sure that the political party currently in power (if not their own) is acting in the best interests of all American citizens.*

There have been 46 presidents of the U.S. altogether. The first president was George Washington, who took office in 1789. There are currently five living former presidents: Jimmy Carter, Donald Trump, George W. Bush, Bill Clinton and Barack Obama. The most recent death of a former president was the death of George H. W. Bush on November 30, 2018. He was also the most recently serving president to die. Other former presidents include John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, James Monroe, Woodrow Wilson and John F. Kennedy. Abraham Lincoln is a famous president who is known for banning slavery.

All presidents have Vice Presidents. If the president dies or retires between elections, or is otherwise removed from office, usually the Vice President becomes the new acting President.

Abraham Lincoln, James A. Garfield, William McKinley, and John F. Kennedy were assassinated (murdered) while in office. William Henry Harrison, Zachary Taylor, Warren G. Harding, and Franklin Roosevelt died from illness while president. John Tyler was the first Vice President of the United States to become president. Gerald Ford, Richard Nixon's vice president,



became president after Nixon resigned (gave up his job). Nixon is the only president to have resigned.

Andrew Johnson, Bill Clinton and Donald Trump are the only presidents to have been impeached. This means their job was taken away from them after doing something wrong.

The official residence and work place is the White House in Washington, DC. Since 1800, every president has lived here with their family. All former presidents have been male, and if they had a wife she was known as 'the First Lady.' There have been no female presidents.

At all times when the President is travelling, they are protected by Secret Service agents. Sometimes, the president may travel to Camp David (another Presidential house) for either relaxation or to do some work in peace.

On November 3, 2020, Joe Biden was elected to be the 46th president of the United States. He was formally inaugurated (made the President) on January 20, 2021.

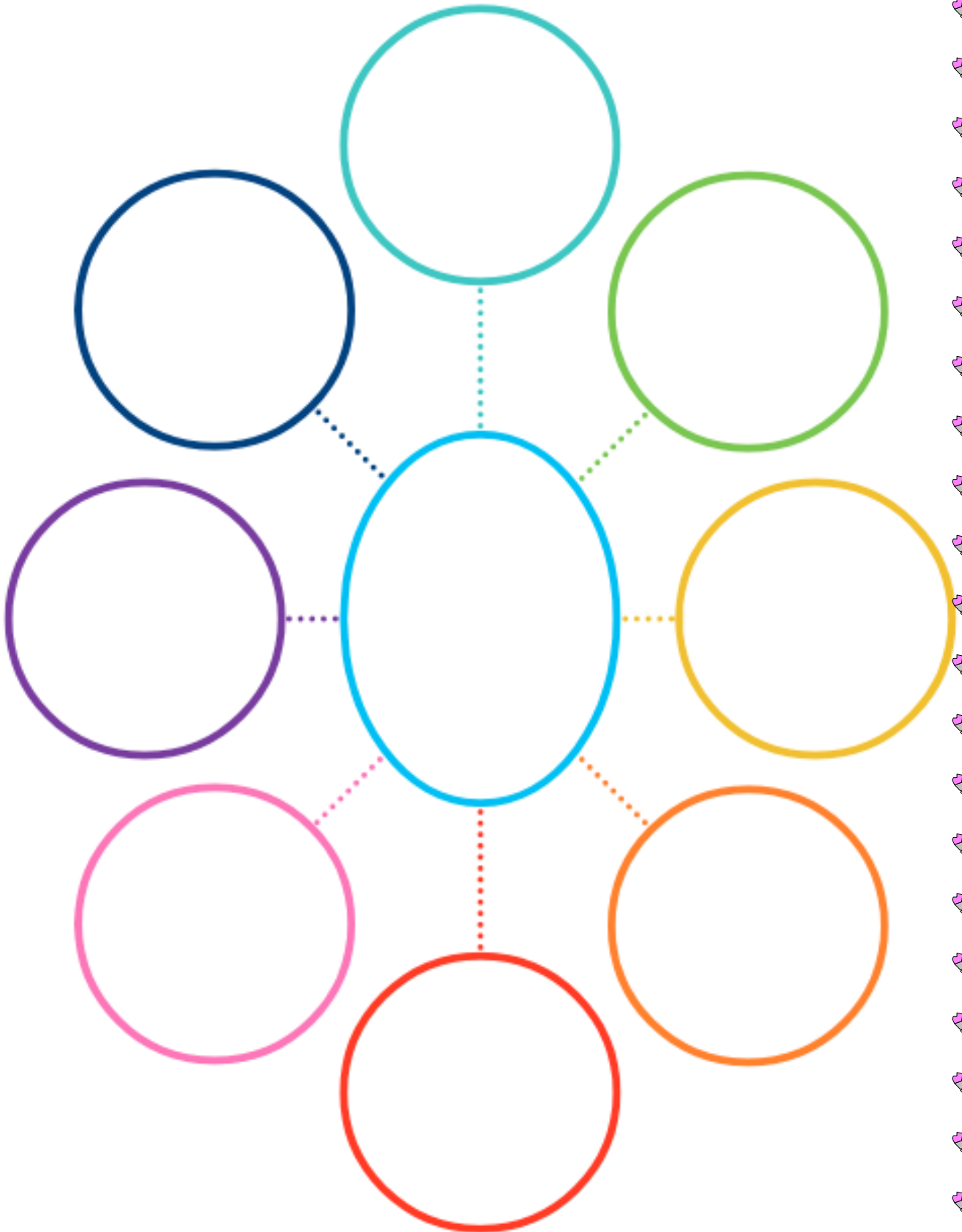
CHILLI CHALLENGE:

Write your own text, and then underneath write your own notes to go along with the text.

You could lay this out like in task one, or create a concept map to go along with your text like in task two.

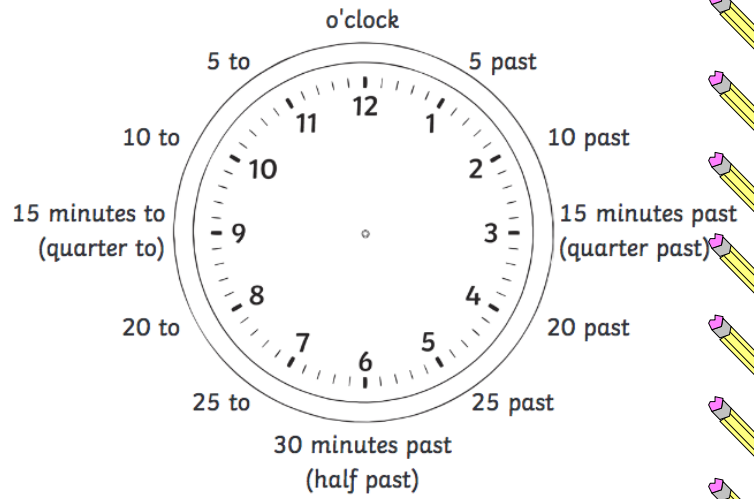
Your text can be about anything at all - you could research something interesting and write a short non-fiction text about it.

TASK TWO Concept Map - makes notes about the main ideas in the U.S. President text.



Numeracy:
Telling the Time
5 minute intervals on
Analogue Clock (Past
the hour)

Video explaining 5
minute intervals on
Seesaw.



Telling the Time to Half-Past

Underneath each clock, write the time shown.

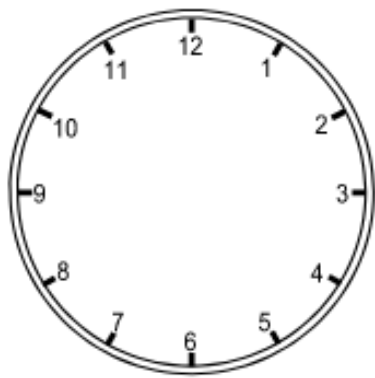


E.g. 10 minutes past 2.

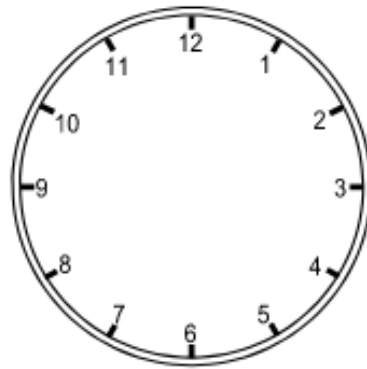




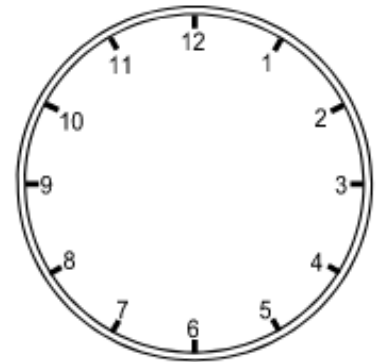
Then draw the hands on these clocks. Make sure your minute hand is long and your hour hand is short.



5 minutes past 5



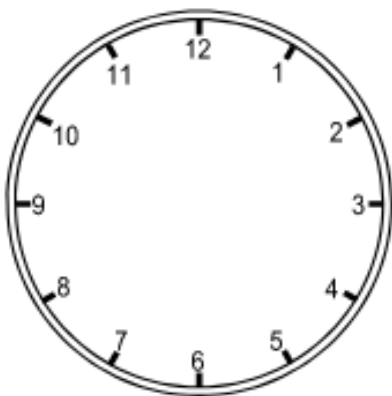
20 minutes past 11



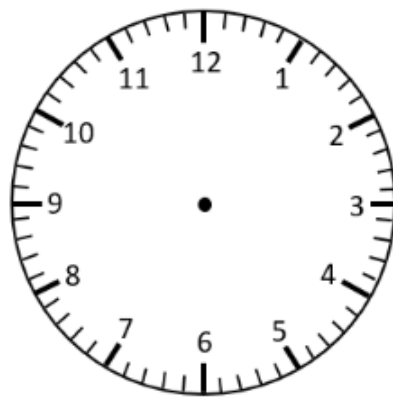
25 minutes past 9

11:25

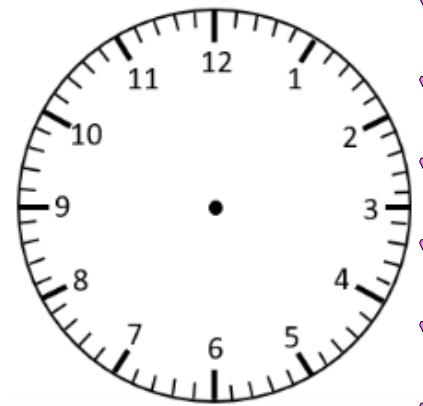
5:10



10 minutes past 7



2:20



2:10

Daily 10

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10>

Have a go at 10 questions each day.

Choose your own level (**MILD Level 2**, **HOT Level 3**,

SPICY Level 4, **EXTRA SPICY Level 5-6**)

Health and Wellbeing:

Daily Check In

How are you feeling today?

POSITIVE SELF-TALK

1. Circle which kind and caring messages you want to remind yourself of.

2. Draw a picture of yourself or something that represents you in the center of the mirror.

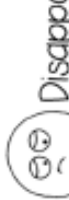
3. Say these positive self talk statements out loud.

How do you feel when you use positive self-talk?

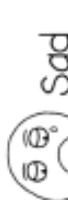
How do you feel today?
Circle or write in your answer.



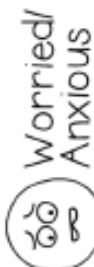
Tired



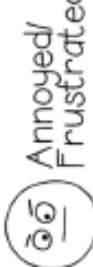
Disappointed



Sad



Worried/
Anxious



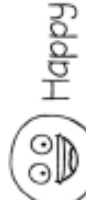
Annoyed/
Frustrated



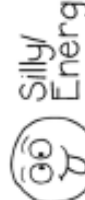
Mad/
Angry



Calm/
Content



Happy



Silly/
Energetic



Something Else

I AM BRAVE

I AM LOVABLE

I AM ENOUGH

I CAN DO HARD THINGS

I WAS MADE FOR THIS CHALLENGE

ALL OF MY FEELINGS ARE OKAY

I BELONG

MISTAKES HELP ME TO LEARN

I AM IN CHARGE OF HOW I RESPOND

I AM AWESOME!

THIS IS TOUGH, BUT SO AM I

I AM UNIQUE

©mashupart

Resilience Alphabet - K is for Kind

Over the next few weeks we are going to look at each letter in turn, trying to build up our resilience skills.

Today's letter is:

K is for Kind

Kk



Kind

Being kind is when you do something nice for someone else; or someone else does something nice for us. Sometimes it's good to be kind to ourselves. Kind people are good friends and look out for us when we are sad or when we are feeling down. We can be kind to other people too.

Think: How many times could you be kind to someone today?

Say: "I am choosing to be a kind person today."

Do:

- Think about all the people you know and choose 3 people that you think are kind
- Draw them
- Around each person, write what they have done that makes them kind

Follow the instructions above.

Dance Class with Oti

Oti Mabuse from Strictly Come Dancing and her husband Marius Iepure have been uploading some dance classes during lockdown. Follow this link to find a lesson to teach you a really fun dance. Upload a video of you doing this dance to Seesaw to put a smile on my face! 😊

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YITV9IVl3x0&list=PLuwFE3Wyin9cEHEenNWaqBNndTMXzH7_8u&index=1



Topic:

An Activity Chosen by YOU! Colours



A couple of weeks ago I asked what you wanted to learn about and lots of you said colour.

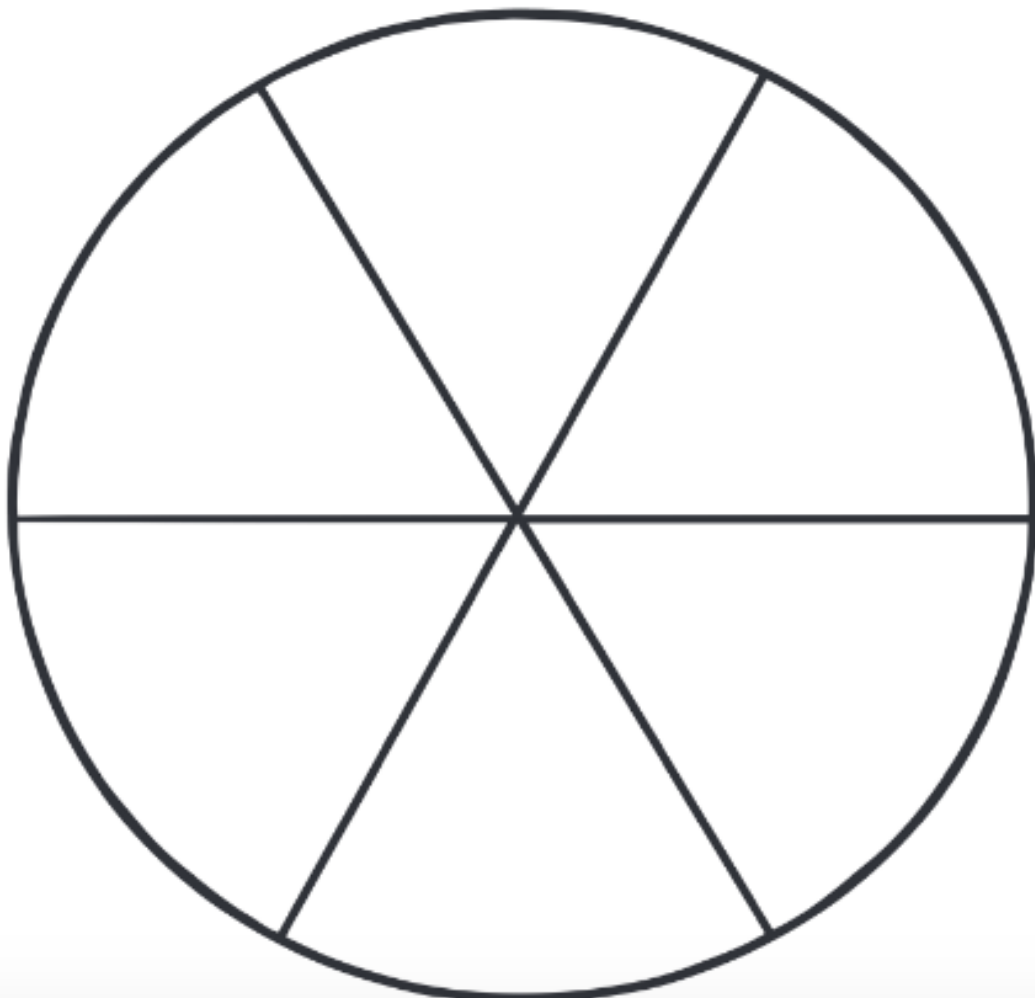
Watch this video about colour theory:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4jnvDCR41Pw>

There is also a presentation on Seesaw.

TASK ONE:

Use your knowledge of hot and cold colours to complete this blank colour wheel.





TASK TWO:

Create a picture using **JUST** warm colours (reds, oranges and yellows). You could make the theme of the picture happy and upbeat if you like, or related to warm, bright things.

Then create a picture using **JUST** cold colours (blues, greens, purples). You could make the theme of the picture sad or lonely if you like, or related to cold, cool things.

You can use any medium for your picture (pencils, pens, paints, crayons, chalk, pastels).

TASK THREE:

Go on a colour hunt either inside your house or outdoors (or both)! Try to find as many items as you can that link with the following colours. You could write them down or take photos of them and upload to Seesaw.



British Science Week

As it is British Science week this week, there will be a science experiment every day! Today's Science Experiment is below:

How to Grow a Rainbow Science Experiment

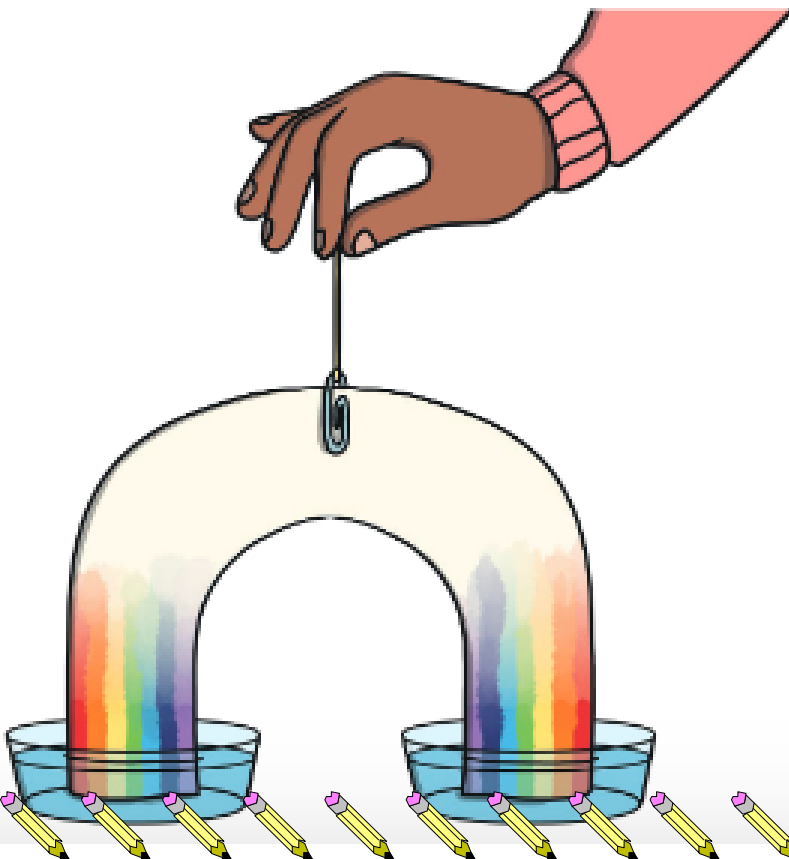


Did you know that you can grow your own rainbow?

You will need a scientific process called the **capillary action**. This action happens when a liquid moves up through a hollow tube or into a spongy, solid material. It happens when three forces work together: **cohesion**, **adhesion** and **surface tension**.

Water molecules like to stick to each other - this is called **cohesion**. They also like to stick to solids in a process called **adhesion**.

In this experiment, you are going to use kitchen roll. The fibres in kitchen roll have lots of little holes. Water is **absorbed** through the kitchen roll because when the first water molecule **adheres** to it and begins to move upward, it pulls the next water molecule up with it, like a chain.



Words To Learn:

- capillary action
- adhesion
- cohesion
- absorbed

You will need:

- Kitchen roll/paper towel
- Felt-tip pens
- Two small bowls of water
- Paperclip
- Thread

What To Do:

1. Cut the kitchen roll into the shape of a rainbow.
2. At each end, use the felt-tip pens to colour a rainbow about 2cm up from the bottom. Remember the order of the colours: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet.
3. Attach the paperclip to the top of the rainbow and tie a piece of thread to it. This will allow you to hold your rainbow.
4. Add water to the two bowls.
5. Hold the rainbow with both ends slightly submerged into each bowl of water and watch your rainbow grow.

